6.—Mountain Peaks over 11,000 Feet in Elevation, by Provinces and Mountain Ranges —concluded

Province, Mountain Range, and Peak	Elevation	Province, Mountain Range, and Peak	Elevation
British Columbia	ft.	British Columbia-concluded	ft.
Coast Mountains— Waddington Tiedemann	13,260 12,000	St. Elias Mountains— Fairweather ² Root ²	15,287 12,860
Selkirk Mountains-	11 500	Yukon ³	,
Sir Sandford Farnham Hasler. Delphine. Huber. Wheeler. Selwyn. Rocky Mountains— Robson. Clemenceau. Goodsir. Bryce. Chown. Resplendent. King George. Jumbo. The Helmet. Whitehorn. Bush.	11, 590 11, 342 11, 113 11, 076 11, 051 11, 051 11, 013 11, 013 12, 972 12, 001 11, 676 11, 500 11, 240 11, 226 11, 217 11, 160 11, 101 11, 000	St. Elias Mountains— Logan. St. Elias Lucania. King. Steele. Wood. Vancouver. Hubbard. Alverstone. Walsh. McArthur. Augusta. Strickland. Newton. Cook. Craig. Badham. Malaspina.	$\begin{array}{c} 19,850\\ 18,008\\ 17,150\\ 17,130\\ 16,439\\ 15,885\\ 15,696\\ 14,950\\ 14,500\\ 14,500\\ 14,400\\ 14,400\\ 14,400\\ 13,811\\ 13,811\\ 13,760\\ 13,250\\ 12,625\\ 12,150\\ \end{array}$

¹ This peak is on the interprovincial border between Alberta and British Columbia. ² This peak is on the international boundary between British Columbia and Alaska. ³ The enumerated peaks in Yukon are on or near the Yukon-Alaska boundary.

There are no elevations in the rest of Canada that come anywhere near rivalling those of the Cordilleran Region.

The Hudson Bay Drainage Basin, excepting the Nelson River drainage, is included in the Canadian Shield. Only small areas in northeastern Quebec rise above 2,000 feet in elevation; there are no great eminences, but the surface is generally accidented by many hills and hollows with countless numbers of lakes and streams.

South and east of the River St. Lawrence, the St. Lawrence Lowlands are bordered by extensions and outliers of the Appalachian Mountains. The Appalachian System, in fact, extends through the Maritime Provinces and the Gaspe Peninsula of Quebec. The whole area may be regarded as a peninsula jutting out with bold and broken coast line to separate the Gulf of St. Lawrence from the Atlantic. Peaks in this area, notably the Notre Dame and the Shickshock Mountains, reach elevations up to 4,000 ft.

Subsection 3.-Islands

The islands of Canada are among its most remarkable geographic features. They include the very large group lying in the Arctic Ocean, the fringe of both large and small islands off the Pacific Coast, those of the Maritime Provinces and Quebec in the Atlantic Ocean and the Gulf of St. Lawrence, together with the islands of the Great Lakes and other inland waters. The Pacific Coast islands, with the exception of Vancouver Island and the Queen Charlotte group, are small and dot the coast of British Columbia from Dixon Entrance to the southern boundary of the Province. Vancouver Island is 285 miles long and from 40 to 80 miles broad, covering an area $22115-2\frac{1}{2}$